



TUESDAY EVENING, SEPT. 10, 1901.

THE cities throughout the country are having trouble in providing accommodations for the public school children, the numbers of which are increasing annually with a corresponding increase in the expense of public education. Alexandria is meeting the emergency in a practical manner and has opened another new school. In some of the larger cities in the North the increase in the number of applicants for admission to the schools and the increase in the expenses of providing school accommodations are beyond the ability of the corporations and thousands of children, it is said, will this year be kept out of school on this account. In New York, the richest city in the country, several hundred children were turned away from the schools when they opened yesterday on account of lack of room, and Superintendent Maxwell said that there would be nearly fifty thousand more enrolments than seats.

McKESPORT, Pa., seems to be on the verge of lawlessness as the members of the Amalgamated Association are as defiant as ever and eager to stop workmen from taking the strikers' places. On Saturday nearly a thousand men went to work in the mill of the National Tube Company. The body of them had to be got into the mill by "strategy." But by Monday morning the strikers had surrounded the works entirely, and as a result a mere handful of men got to their places. They are kept away from the mills by threats of bodily harm and are said to be overawed and browbeaten by the crowd of lawbreakers with whom Mayor Black seems to be in sympathy. This is a sad picture at the close of the summer, when men who want to work and prepare for winter are prevented from earning their bread by people who refuse to toll themselves.

INTENSE GRATIFICATION is expressed throughout this country at the favorable dispatches received from Buffalo regarding the improvement in the condition of President McKinley. There are, so far, no signs of the grave complications which it was feared would result from his serious wound, and as days come and go and no indications of the dreaded peritonitis are manifested there is exultation and thanksgiving that the prayers of the nation are being answered. Of course the President is not entirely beyond the danger line, but he is believed to be slowly but surely forging toward convalescence. It will take but a few days now to demonstrate the correctness of the optimistic views entertained, and should the present hopes be realized thanksgiving sincere and fervent will go up from many souls.

THERE is good sense in the proposition that the man who assassinates a ruler should be denied the notoriety which he seeks. In Denmark it was noted that when any man was hanged for murder two or three others immediately sought victims, for no other purpose than to enjoy the prominence which murderers achieved. When it was ordered that not only should the execution of murderers be private, but also that no persons should be allowed to visit them in prison and that they should be kept ignorant of everything outside their cells, there was a great decrease in the number of homicides. If it should be known that only oblivion would await the assassin of a ruler one frequent inspiration to assassination would be removed.

THE excellent treatment President McKinley is receiving at Buffalo has induced many of the newspapers through the country to discount on the advances made in surgical and medical science in recent years; but some of the old medical men shake their heads at this and say the Caesarian operation was performed before the days of Caesar and that the Aztecs understood the art of trepanning. They also admit that it takes just as long now to cure a bad cold, rheumatism or chills and fever as it did a half century ago.

THE Indianapolis Journal, one of the strongest republican papers in the West, stoutly defends the action of Representative Babcock in declaring for needed tariff revision. If Mr. Babcock is to read out of the party, President McKinley will have to keep him company. That was a comprehensive announcement of the President in his Buffalo speech when he declared "the day of exclusiveness is past."

T-S-O-L-G-O-T-S is the pronunciation of the name of President McKinley's assassin, Czolgoz. Every letter to be sounded as spelled, except the first "t."

TO SETTLE a dispute it is stated that President McKinley was born on January 29, 1843.

Conditions for maturing crops have been generally favorable during the past week, according to the weekly report issued by the Weather Bureau today.

FROM WASHINGTON.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)

Washington, September 10. Secretary of the Treasury Gage and Attorney General Knox arrived from Buffalo at 9:30 this morning. "The President is in splendid shape," said Secretary Gage. "I expect that he will be in condition to leave Buffalo in three weeks or less. While nothing has been decided on I think he will be taken to Canton as soon as possible, there to recover completely. The physicians have allowed no one but Mrs. McKinley and Secretary Cortelyou to see the President since he was shot, and it will be several days, in all probability, before they will raise the embargo. All the members of the Cabinet feel greatly elated over the President's favorable condition and, unless unforeseen complications occur, there seems to be no reason why he will not be as well as ever in a few weeks." Mr. Gage denied that he had hastened his return to Washington for the purpose of taking action on the appeal of the New York bankers who have asked him to increase the government deposits in their vaults for the purpose of relieving the money market.

The Secret Service Bureau received unofficial information today that Antonio Maggio, the correct player, who predicted that the President would be assassinated before October 1, has been arrested near Silver City, New Mexico. The Schley investigation will cause the assembling of one of the greatest naval congresses ever held. Especial grandeur and solemnity will be given the first day's session by the appearance of the officers in full dress uniform. After the first day they may lay aside much of the gold braid, and appear in service uniforms. The list, as it stands, of the officers summoned to attend the congress comprises: Admiral Alfred Thayer Mahan, commander in chief, captains eleven, lieutenants ten, lieutenant commanders eleven, lieutenants ten, lieutenants junior grade, two, captains marine corps two, captains passed assistant engineers two, ensigns two, ensigns engineer corps five, and one representative of each of these ranks; second lieutenant marine corps, medical director, passed assistant surgeon, paymaster, gunner, carpenter, chaplain, chief quartermaster. The salaries of these officers and other government employees whose time will be devoted to the inquiry will amount to \$800 a day. It has been estimated that the other expenses of the inquiry, including the cost of witnesses to this city from all parts of the world will exceed \$20,000. The inquiry will be in progress for at least a month and may last for three months.

Secretary of the Treasury Gage at noon today visited F. D. Tappan, chairman of the Clearing House Association of New York, the following telegram: "Recognizing the unfavorable influence upon general business affairs of a continued absorption into the treasury of funds beyond expenditure, I have directed that incoming internal revenue receipts be placed with national bank deposits until a balance with each is reached equal to the par value of bonds held as security. This will be done by the steps of the Treasury. The secretary will today invite proposals for the sale to the government of \$20,000,000 worth of United States bonds other than the new 2's. It is believed that the steps of the Treasury will otherwise possible embezzlements which are pointed out in your telegram of yesterday."

Major Pruden in conversation with a Gazette reporter today stated that from reports received at White House there is every indication of the President's speedy recovery. The President's pulse, breathing and temperature, he says, have nearly reached their normal condition.

The Navy department has decided that Judge Advocate Leinley, of the Schley Court of Inquiry, needs assistance. Edwin P. Hanna, a solicitor in Capt. Leinley's office at the Navy department, was today assigned to help Judge Advocate during the sittings of the court.

The stock brokers report that the market opened steady and that the favorable reports from Buffalo have had a bullish effect. Joseph Craig, a colored passenger on the steamer last night and was drowned. BRYAN TALKS ON ANARCHY.—Hon. William J. Bryan yesterday telegraphed to the Buffalo Times as follows: "Free governments may be overthrown but they cannot be reformed by those who violate the commandment: 'Thou shalt not kill.' Under a government like ours every wrong can be remedied by laws, and the laws are in the hands of the people themselves. Anarchy can be neither excused nor tolerated. The man who proposes to right a public wrong by taking the life of a human being makes himself an outlaw and cannot consistently appeal to the protection of the government which he repudiates. He invites a return to a state of barbarism in which each must, at his own risk, defend his own rights and strengthen his own wrongs. The punishment administered to the would-be assassin and to his co-conspirators, if he has any, should be such as to warn all inclined to anarchy that this is an asylum for those who love liberty, it is an inhospitable place for those who raise their hands against all forms of government."

APPEAL MADE TO SECRETARY GAGE. Secretary Gage has been appealed to by some of the New York financial institutions to relieve the money market by increasing deposits in national banks. Representations are being made to the effect that, while the interior is demanding money to move the crops, public funds are piling up in the Treasury to the detriment of the commercial interests of the country. Secretary Gage declined to state what, if anything, would be done to relieve the situation. He will be in Washington today and can there consider the matter at close range. He will be in Washington today. He will not announce his decision until he is on the ground.

COURT OF APPEALS.

The following are the proceedings in the Court of Appeals at Stanton yesterday: The case of John H. Lewman vs. C. D. Crawford, trustee, et al., from the Circuit Court of Augusta, was argued and submitted. The case of Lizzie T. Glenn, Stationary Perpetual Building and Loan Company, from the Circuit Court of Augusta county, was argued and submitted.

The case of the Western State Hospital vs. Michael Collier's heirs, from the Circuit Court of Augusta, was argued in the afternoon and continued till this morning for a further hearing.

"Just Started." Chicago, Sept. 10.—Chief of Police O'Neil received the following letter written in German, this morning: "It is just started. Czolgoz you have. There are many more here in Chicago. Mark Hanna, Pierpont Morgan and all who are in the trust. Blood, blood, and no hungry to the poor anarchists. There are a lot of us in Chicago and indifferent success. It has just started. Blood, murder, incendiary. Now you catch us if you can. Emma Goldman is in this city. KOTHE." The letter was posted in Chicago at six o'clock last night.

Orlando D. Vancamp, of Erie county, Pa., killed himself last night because of grief over the attempted assassination of President McKinley.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The Russian Government has decided to build five battleships in home yards. A Panama mob created a demonstration at the residence of the Venezuelan consul, who took refuge in the palace of the Governor of Panama.

The Colombian Legation in Washington has received news that flourishing expeditions have left Ecuador, Nicaragua and other points to aid the Colombian rebels.

Dr. Louis Warfield Ritchie, one of the best-known practitioners in the Georgetown section, died yesterday afternoon of Bright's disease, at his residence, 3259 N street, aged fifty-eight years.

Assistant Postmaster-General Shallenbarger has canceled the contract of a mail carrier in the state of New York who expressed satisfaction at the attempt on the life of President McKinley.

The G. A. R. encampment was opened in Cleveland, yesterday, and in place of the reception at which the President was to appear, a public meeting of thanksgiving for his recovery will be held.

During last week business failures numbered 169, as against 188 last week, 154 in this week a year ago, 123 in 1899, 142 in 1898. Commercial failures during the month of August were 803 in number and \$9,458,866 in amount of liabilities.

Assistant Secretary Hackett has been urging Attorney General Knox to assign a lawyer to assist Captain Leinley in the Schley court of inquiry. Attorney General Knox refused, and was sustained by the Cabinet, to which he submitted Mr. Hackett's proposition.

Lena Schillinger, aged 18 years, has won a fortune by marrying Frederick Smith, a retired and wealthy farmer, aged 80 years, residing at Friesden, Somerset county, Pa. Mr. Smith served as postmaster in Somerset county under Presidents Buchanan and Lincoln. The bride's wedding present was a deed to a valuable farm.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Mrs. White, wife of Dr. J. A. White, of Richmond, one of the most distinguished oculists in the south, died yesterday evening of Bright's disease.

Marriage licenses were issued in Washington yesterday to Belling E. Stanley and Lucy A. Eddleton, both of Hanover, and to Robert O. Bell, of Richmond, and Alice M. Williams, of Lynchburg.

Rev. G. O. Mead, of Clover, Halifax county, has been called to Christ Episcopal church, Richmond, and it is almost certain that he will accept. Mr. Mead is the son of Edward Mead, of Keswick, and was educated at the Theological Seminary near Alexandria.

The State Liquor Dealers' Association in annual session at Norfolk yesterday organized the association. Among the matters that are to be discussed by the liquor men will, it is understood, be the anti-alcohol movement now on foot in Virginia, and the possible increase of the retail price of liquor.

Major J. M. Taylor, the postmaster at Aslan, died in Richmond yesterday aged 83 years. He was the father of Mr. Warren P. Taylor, general traffic manager of the Richmond and Potomac Railroad. He was for many years clerk in the State Treasurer's office. Maj. Taylor was a member of the prominent Hanover family of that name and leaves four sons and three daughters.

Chairman Ellison has appointed J. G. Hankins secretary of the state democratic executive committee, to take the place of Col. Joseph Button, who cannot serve because of his duties as clerk of the constitutional convention. Mr. Hankins is assistant secretary of the commonwealth and one of the most formidable candidates for the office of secretary of the commonwealth when Mr. Lawless retires next January.

A telegram was received at Winchester yesterday of the death in Atlanta, Ga., Sunday night of Mrs. Virginia L. Edwards, formerly of Winchester and a member of a distinguished southern family. Mrs. Edwards was the youngest daughter of the late Dr. Alfred and Ann Tucker Magill, and was born at the University of Virginia in 1837, while her father was a professor there. Mrs. Edwards was the last member of her family.

EMMA GOLDMAN.

Urged to the most painstaking efforts by the Secret Service agents of the Federal government, the entire St. Louis Police Department is doing everything within its power to trace Emma Goldman. Before leaving there last Saturday night she received a telegram which she destroyed and made a statement declaring she was going to Buffalo to see what the police wanted with her. After her departure the rooms she had occupied on Thirteenth street were searched and pictures of Czolgoz, together with a cipher code and trunks full of anarchist literature, were found there.

The railroad stations in Washington are being patrolled by members of the Washington detective force on the lookout for Emma Goldman. It was reported there yesterday that she had left New York had gone either to Washington or Baltimore. Details of police were promptly sent to watch all incoming trains from the North. The police are also on the lookout for any signs of anarchist sympathy in Washington, having been instructed to suppress any demonstration.

VIRGINIAN ACCUSED OF MURDER.

Henry Beckerman, a cotton planter, from Richmond, was arranged in police court in Newport News yesterday charged with homicide, and was remanded to the coroner. On August 15 Beckerman registered at the Adams House. After dinner he went into the bar and remained there for some time drinking. He became engaged in conversation with some other men who were in the saloon at the time, one of whom was William Fletcher. Finally, the clerk at the hotel advised Beckerman to go up stairs, and Fletcher took hold of his arm to help him to his room. Beckerman thought he was being assaulted, and, drawing a revolver, fired five shots at Fletcher, two of which took effect in the leg and one in the right breast. Fletcher died yesterday.

Have you a sense of fullness in the region of your stomach after eating? If so you will be benefited by using Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They also cure belching and sour stomach. They regulate the bowels, too. Price, 25 cents. Sold by Richard Gibson, druggist.

THE PRESIDENT RECOVERING.

President McKinley has safely passed through one of the great danger periods. He said yesterday that he was confident he would recover, and Vice President Roosevelt, Senator Hanna, and the members of the Cabinet all believe that he will.

When at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon the 72 hours had elapsed from the time the President was shot the physicians were more hopeful than ever that their distinguished patient would successfully ward off all possible dangerous complications.

Dr. McBurney says that if the improvement continues it will be a week yet before the President will be declared out of danger. Other physicians in attendance say a week will not cover the danger period. Dr. Rixey, the President's family physician, said last night that the only possibility of complications was by blood poisoning or peritonitis, either of which he now considered a remote probability.

Secretary Gage and Attorney General Knox left Buffalo for Washington last night, confident that the President was on a fair way to recovery. Vice President Roosevelt will remain near the President until the physicians give an opinion that he will positively recover. Mr. Roosevelt believes that he will give him this assurance in a few days.

For the first time since his would-be assassin was taken from his sight President McKinley yesterday mentioned Czolgoz. He asked what had been done with the assassin and was told he was being held as a prisoner.

"He must have been crazy," said President McKinley. "I never saw the man until he approached me at the reception."

"He is an anarchist," the President was told.

"Too bad, too bad," was the reply. "I trust, though, that he will be treated with all fairness."

The President was also told that from all parts of the world messages of sympathy had arrived. He was informed that the American public had shown great grief over his misfortune and this had demonstrated that he has a strong grip upon the affections of his fellow countrymen. The President was deeply touched and said that he felt himself too highly honored. To Dr. Rixey he said that he hoped to recover to show that he appreciated all which had been done for him.

Until the last doubt of the President's recovery has vanished, Louis F. Czolgoz will be held by the police to await the result. Should the President recover, the charge of assault with intent to kill will be made against the assassin and the proceedings will be conducted wholly in the State courts. This was settled by a conference between Governor Odell and District Attorney Penney, held in Buffalo, and the plan has been approved by Secretary of War Root. Governor Odell came to arrange for the trial and punishment of the anarchist.

THE CONVENTION.

The constitutional convention as stated in the Gazette of that date, on yesterday abolished the committee of the whole. It was not done without a struggle, and the vote was very close (31 to 30); so close that the matter was temporarily passed by. Mr. Walton Moore, who offered the amendment providing for the discharge of the committee of the whole, briefly explained it. Judge Quarles, of Augusta, spoke in opposition to it, and predicted that unless the committee of the whole was preserved, the people would not get the reforms for which they had elected the convention.

Mr. Pollard made a speech on the amendment offering himself to strike out the word "Christian" from the Constitution but in concluding, withdrew his amendment.

Several other clauses of the Bill of Rights were discussed without action. The most important action in connection with the constitutional convention was taken by the committee on judiciary. Chairman Hunton moved that circuit judges be elected for eight years, one half to be elected by each quadrennial session of the legislature. The motion was adopted.

Mr. Eggleston addressed the committee for reconsideration of the vote by which monthly terms of court were made compulsory. The motion to reconsider was carried.

Mr. Sumner offered a resolution that there be not less than six terms of court a year.

Chairman Hunton offered a substitute providing that the legislature have the right to increase or diminish the number of terms not less than six terms a year, as the necessities of business might demand. The resolution was unanimously adopted.

Messrs. Withers, Eggleston and Walker were appointed a subcommittee to arrange the districts of the State on a basis of not less than bimonthly terms and report at next meeting.

The suffrage committee did not reach a vote yesterday as was expected, but adjourned over until Tuesday to allow the representatives of the labor organizations to appear before it and present their views on suffrage. It is doubtful whether the committee will reach any report until the democratic members of the convention will agree to a conference at which the suffrage question shall be considered. It is given out now that the action of such a conference, if held, shall not bind any party.

Many have expressed the determination not to be bound in this matter by any party dictation.

The most important proposition now before the constitutional convention is the Braxton plan, which contemplates a radical change in the system of taxation.

It is proposed to take away from the cities and counties the right to impose taxes upon railroads or to issue liquor licenses. In exchange for these the plan is to give the local authorities the exclusive right to tax all real estate. The revenue derived by the commonwealth, cities and counties and school districts, from the taxes on railroads, amounts to about \$650,000 annually. Of this amount \$250,000 goes into the State treasury and the remainder is collected by the local governments. The proposition before the committee on finance now is to increase the tax on railroads to an amount sufficient to augment the revenues \$300,000 or \$400,000 a year. There is some difference of opinion among the members of the committee as to exactly how this increased burden of taxation should be laid upon these corporations, whether by a tax upon their gross receipts, which last year amounted to about \$25,000,000, or to increase the present rates per mile of road way. Both plans are under consideration and each has its supporters among the members of the committee. It is also proposed to increase the liquor license tax to an amount sufficient to largely add to the revenues from that source. It is maintained that the cities and counties will be largely benefited. For instance, it is estimated by members of the committee that under the provision of the Braxton scheme the city of Alexandria will save \$10,000 annually. These estimates, however, are based upon the assumption that the new Constitution will not change the present system of imposing criminal expenses. If these are to be borne by the cities and counties, as it is proposed now, the saving to the local governments under the suggested system of taxation will be less than that here indicated.

The whole State revenues now amount to \$8,000,000 annually, one-third of which goes to the public schools. With the new judiciary system, the reduction proposed by the report of the Committee on the Legislative Department and the increase in taxes as here outlined, it is expected that the revenues of the state will be at least half a million dollars more.

The permanent franchise plan, which seems to meet with the approval of the greatest number of the members of the committee, does not remove the very nearly indorsement of some of the South Side members. This scheme, which is promised to put nearly all, if not all, of the white men on the temporary list, places the young whites who come in under the operations of the permanent plan on the same footing with the blacks—that is, there will be no exemptions from the ownership of property or the requirement to prepare the ballot without aid. Not only that, but it is pointed out that the negroes who are rejected under the understanding clause of the temporary plan may afterward apply for admission under the provisions of the permanent one and be passed. Whenever the report of the committee comes up, it will produce one of the most interesting discussions ever heard in this State, unless the democrats can choke off debate by holding a caucus and agreeing upon their plan in advance. The southwestern members and some of those from the negro counties will possibly oppose this because it would bind them to accept the action of the caucus and prevent them from making a fight on the floor of the convention for their constituents. Not only that, but the members could not let their people at home know what action they had taken in the caucus, as there would be no report of the proceedings of that body.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 10.—The President has passed the most comfortable night since the attempt on his life. Physicians and others coming from the sick chamber say that there is now but very little doubt that the President will recover. So sanguine is the belief that President Milburn has given permission to announce that there will be another President's Day at the Pan-American Exposition. It will be an occasion for thanksgiving for the recovery of the President. A system of electric signals is to be arranged so that, at a given signal, bells will be set ringing, whistles blowing, and cannons booming all over the United States. Although the physicians will not have it understood that the danger point is entirely passed, they declare that unless looked for complications develop he will certainly be restored to health and as time passes the danger of these complications lessens materially. Dr. Park says that the period for development of peritonitis has about passed.

Although the early morning bulletin showed the pulse to be somewhat higher than last night, 118 as against 112, the temperature was normal, having been reduced from 101 to 100.4. The respiration showed an increase from 27 to 28. While the bullet in the President's back has not been extracted, Dr. Rixey says there is no immediate reason for worry. "The presumption," says Dr. Rixey, "is that it is lodged somewhere in the muscles of the back. Pursuing natural causes, it would now be encysted and cut off from possibility of evil. There will be no attempt to extract the bullet at the present time. The President is doing well, and in my opinion will recover." Senator Hanna says he thinks the danger point has passed. Perhaps one of the most significant signs of the President's recovery is the fact that he has been able to close the Church of the Transcendentalists in the departure of some of the cabinet members.

Mrs. Duncan, and Miss Helen McKinley, the President's sisters, who came from Cleveland immediately after learning that he had been shot, decided to return early this morning. The weather, which has been very much in the President's favor, took an unfavorable turn this morning. A drizzling rain set in early and warmer weather is promised. The cool wave has been a potent factor in the President's improvement. Gov. Odell is expected to arrive here on Tuesday. It is said upon his arrival here he will call an extraordinary session of the grand jury for Erie county to indict Czolgoz for attempted murder. Supreme Court Justice Childs is to be designated to preside at the trial. It is stated that President McKinley is not to be summoned as a witness for the prosecution as there are sufficient witnesses to declare Czolgoz's guilt. Up to this time the assassin has no counsel and the court may have to assign some one to defend him.

At 11:30 a. m. the vice president left the Milburn residence. He said: "I regard the President's recovery as sure and so do all around him. I did not see the President. I shall leave this city this afternoon or evening for Oyster Bay. There was no significance in the meetings of five members of the Cabinet and myself in the Milburn residence this morning."

At 10:10 a. m., when Dr. McBurney came out of the Milburn residence he said: "There is a very remote possibility of peritonitis. He should be in very fair shape in from two to three weeks. We generally allow three weeks in such a case as this." Dr. McBurney leaves for the east tonight providing that there are no further unfavorable developments in the President's case.

Buffalo, Sept. 10.—At 12:50 p. m. Senator Hanna, ex-Governor Grosvenor, Harry Hamilton, and Secret Service Operative Ireland returned to the Milburn residence from the exposition. As they were getting out of the carriages they met Postmaster General Smith, Secretary Hitchcock and Secretary Wilson who had been in the house. In answer to the question How is the President? Secretary Wilson said: "Every one feels satisfied that the President will have a speedy recovery." All the others nodded in the affirmative.

Secretary Hitchcock said: "Every one feels satisfied that there is no more apprehension to be feared as to the President."

No official bulletin since 9 a. m. tell.

ing of the President's condition has been issued up to 3 p. m. At that time President Milburn said Mr. McKinley was much better than on any previous time since the shooting. "He is on the speedy road to recovery," added Mr. Milburn.

At 2:40 p. m. Mrs. McKinley and Mrs. Lafayette Williams have just gone for a drive in the Chard carriage. They drove north of Delaware avenue. Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 10.—There is no change in the conditions which surround Czolgoz. Last night was spent by the prisoner as each night of his confinement has been passed. At times he is restless and paces the cell walls again he is calm and collected. He constantly calls for something to smoke. He begs for papers, no doubt for the purpose of perusing the accounts of his deed. The police find him a mystery. He talks only on rare occasions.

Defiant Anarchists.

Paterson, N. J., Sept. 10.—Six secret service detectives called at the meeting hall of the Right of Existence Group of anarchists this morning, and interviewed Pedro E. Teves, one of the Terrell band of plotters. Esteve told the officers that he had not seen or heard anything from the country. "The constitution of the United States is at my back," he declared. "That document also gives me and my fellows the privilege of free speech and free use of the press. I have broken no law and until I have, I am safe," he added.

Boston, Sept. 10.—Superintendent of Police Pierce received the following letter this morning:

Dear Sir—As you know there are plenty of anarchists in Boston, and you don't know where they are, so I let you know that I am one of them, and the next man to be shot will be yourself, some day this week, because we find out that you are a criminal and a coward. Also remember that before Saturday I will come up and see you in the headquarters.

From a comrade of anarchists, W. KANE, 12 Brighton street. The letter is dated Boston, Sept. 9, 1901, written in lead pencil and enclosed in a bright red envelope. The postmark shows it was mailed here at 9 o'clock this morning. The superintendent regards it as a joke.

New York, Sept. 10.—Commissioner of Police Murphy held a long conference today with Captain Tamm of the Central Office, after which he sent instructions to each police captain to make a census of his district in order to ascertain the whereabouts and number of all anarchists in the city. The census is to be made secretly. After its verification Commissioner Murphy said the police would be ordered to banish all "Reds" from the city. The Commissioner said he would not tolerate the presence of anarchists in the city any longer.

Foreign News.

London, Sept. 10.—A correspondent of the Morning Leader recalls the prediction in the Philosophical Journal, of July 31, 1900, that the assassination of President McKinley would occur before November, 1901.

Paris, Sept. 10.—A telegram received here says that M. Tubine, one of the two French merchants whose claims upon the Turkish government caused the recent Franco-Turkish rupture, has made a final settlement. He received 162,000 Turkish pounds, the despatch says.

Vienna, Sept. 10.—It is learned that the Kaiser proposes to summon an international congress to discuss measures against anarchism and anarchists. The Russian, Austrian and Italian governments, the paper says, have already assented.

Amsterdam, Sept. 10.—The ladies of Amsterdam intend to present a cradle to Queen Wilhelmina, whose accession is expected in December.

London, Sept. 10.—The bulletin regarding President McKinley's condition which was received at the American embassy this afternoon was forwarded to the foreign office and King Edward. The liveliest public satisfaction is expressed at the favorable progress the President is making.

London, Sept. 10.—Dr. Krantz, the ex-governor of Johannesburg, who was arrested on a charge of forwarding information to South Africa, was again remanded today to await evidence from Pretoria. Another warrant has been issued against the ex-governor charging him with inciting mutiny.

London, Sept. 10.—Empress Elizabeth, of Austria, died as the result of stab wounds administered by an anarchist, three years ago today, and an anniversary requiem mass for the repose of her soul was said at the Roman Catholic Church of the Transcendentalists here this morning. Similar services were celebrated in all of the European capitals.

The G. A. R. Cleveland, O. Sept. 10.—The Grand Army of the Republic is now in complete possession of Cleveland and today the important events of the great gathering began in earnest. Information was received from Vice President Roosevelt that he would not leave the bedside of President McKinley until all danger of serious consequences from his attempted assassination had passed. This made it necessary to select some one else to review the parade tomorrow and it was practically decided to select some prominent old soldier. The sentiment in favor of General Sickles to be the next Commander in Chief reached overwhelming proportions last evening. Outside of this planning, little was done of an important nature yesterday. Numberless corps and army organizations are pouring into the city. About 200,000 members are already here. The festivities previously arranged for the President have been annulled, and in their place there will be a mammoth meeting of prayer for his recovery. Senator Hanna will preside at this meeting.

The Market. Georgetown, Sept. 10.—Wheat 60.70.

Salvation Oil the best liniment. Regular bottle, 15 cts.; large bottle, 25 cts. Greatest cure on earth for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sprains, Backache, Stiff joints, Cuts, Bruises, Wounds, Swellings, Burns and Frost Bites. Salvation Oil kills all pain. Sold by Richard Gibson and all druggists.

When you want a pleasant phylis try the new remedy. Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They are easy to take and pleasant to eat. Price, 25 cents. Samples free at Richard Gibson's drug store.

Don't wait until you become chronically constipated but take Doan's Little Earth Pills now and then. They will keep your liver and bowels in good order. Get Doan's Pills. For sale by E. S. Leadbetter & Sons.

DIED. At her residence, No. 1107 Prince street on Monday night, 9 minutes past 12 o'clock, Mrs. ELIZABETH M. R. BURY, widow of Jacob Bury. Funeral notice hereafter.

USED Tea—Blen bladed just right—50c and 60c lb.—for making ICEE Tea—E. S. Leadbetter & Sons.

The Convention. Richmond, Va., Sept. 10.—The constitutional convention today discussed the amendments to the section relating to trial by jury. No vote was reached.

Emma Goldman in Custody.

Chicago, Sept. 10.—Emma Goldman was arrested here this morning. She will be charged with having conspired with Czolgoz and others to take the life of the President, while he was mingling in a public gathering. It is settled now, almost beyond cavil or question that Emma Goldman was here in disguise last July. Czolgoz was here at the same time and there is a chain of circumstantial evidence being welded to show that she met her young disciple in anarchy. This woman is known to have been in Rochester three weeks prior to the commission of the crime and this is considered positive she was in written if not in personal communication with Czolgoz. At first the prisoner denied that she was Emma Goldman, and stated from the moment of her arrest until she was brought to police headquarters upon her release, but when confronted by Chief O'Neill and other officers, under whose observation she frequently has come, she smilingly confessed that a mistake had not been made. Czolgoz has been proven to be an associate of the Free Society of Chicago and evidence is being rapidly adduced which appears to indicate he acted as agent of that organization when he committed the crime.

Miss Goldman in a statement she made said she did not know Czolgoz and that she was not acquainted with anybody so far as she knew. Further on she renounced assassination and many other ideas she has been propagating. She declared she never met Czolgoz.

The Strike Situation.

McKeesport, Pa., Sept. 10.—The threatening methods employed by the strikers yesterday morning has evidently convinced those who would go to work that any attempt to do so is futile, as no one tried to get into the plant of the National Tube Company this morning. Several thousand strikers were on guard. No disturbances took place. An effort will be made tomorrow to start the Monongahela steel department of the National Tube Company.

Anarchists Appointed to Office.

Cleveland, O., Sept. 10.—Paul Czolgoz, father of the man who attempted the assassination of the President of the United States, is now in the employ of the city of Cleveland. He was placed on the payroll of the street department, and is now in the position of one of the anarchist leaders of the city and a self-avowed anarchist, and the man at whose home Emma Goldman stopped when in Cleveland last spring,